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## Improving the functioning of <br> Economic and Monetary Union: <br> lessons and challenges for economic policies

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Price level
(1999m1=100, trend = year-on-year inflation at 2\%)


Sources: Eurostat and ECB Calculations.
Latest observations: March 2018.

## Current account balances

(as \% of GDP)


Sources: OECD and ECB Calculations.
Note: the grey shaded area shows the 25-75\% range. Latest observations: 2017 (annual data)

## Domestic demand

(as \% of GDP)


Sources: Global Financial database, eurostat and ECB calculations.
Note: the IQ3-IQ1 shows the 25-75\% interquartile range of the following countries: AT, DE, BE, FR, IT, ES, PT, GR, NL, FI, US, UK, SE, JP, CA, AU, DK, NO, CH. Last observation: 2017.

## Export

(as \% of GDP)


Sources: Global Financial database, eurostat and ECB calculations.
Note: the IQ3-IQ1 shows the 25-75\% interquartile range of the following countries: AT, DE, BE, FR, IT, ES, PT, GR, NL, FI, US, UK, SE, JP, CA, AU, DK, NO, CH. Last observation: 2017.

Price level
(1999=100)


Sources: AMECO and ECB Calculations.
Latest observations: 2017 (annual data).

## Domestic demand and real GDP

(1999Q1=100)


Sources: Eurostat and ECB staff calculations. Note: DD stands for domestic demand.
Last observation: 2017Q4 (quarterly data).

## Compensation per employee

(1999=100)


[^0]
## Unit Labor Cost

(1999=100)


Sources: AMECO and ECB Calculations.
Note: the grey shaded area shows the 25-75\% range among EA12 countries Latest observations: 2017 (annual data).

## World export market share

(goods, 1999=100)


[^1]
## Traded sector mark-up

(1999=100)


Sources: AMECO and ECB Calculations.
Note: Markup calculated as a the difference between sector selling price minus the sectoral unit labour cost developments. Latest observations: 2016 (annual data).

## France net lending/borrowing

(as percentage of GDP)


Sources: Eurostat and ECB calculations
Note: Data refer to four-quarter sums.
Latest observation: 2017Q3.

## Germany Net lending/borrowing

(as percent of GDP)


Sources: Eurostat and ECB calculations.
Note: Data refer to four-quarter sums.
Latest observation: 2017Q3.

## Domestic demand

(as \% of GDP)


Sources: Global Financial database, eurostat and ECB calculations.
Note: the IQ3-IQ1 shows the 25-75\% interquartile range of the following countries: AT, DE, BE, FR, IT, ES, PT, GR, NL, FI, US, UK, SE, JP, CA, AU, DK, NO, CH. Last observation: 2017. Sources: Eurostat and ECB calculations

## Export

(as \% of GDP)


Sources: Global Financial database, eurostat and ECB calculations.
Note: the IQ3-IQ1 shows the $25-75 \%$ interquartile range of the following countries: AT, DE, BE, FR, IT, ES, PT, GR, NL, FI, US, UK, SE, JP, CA, AU, DK, NO, CH. Last observation: 2017. Sources: Eurostat and ECB calculations.

Monetary policy

Labour/product markets


## Fiscal policies

- National dimension
- EU dimension


[^0]:    Sources: AMECO and ECB Calculations.
    Note: the grey shaded area shows the 25-75\% range among EA12 countries Latest observations: 2017 (annual data).

[^1]:    Sources: IMF DOTS and ECB Calculations.
    Note: world export market share calculated as the share of a country's exports in world exports.
    Latest observations: 2017 (annual data).

